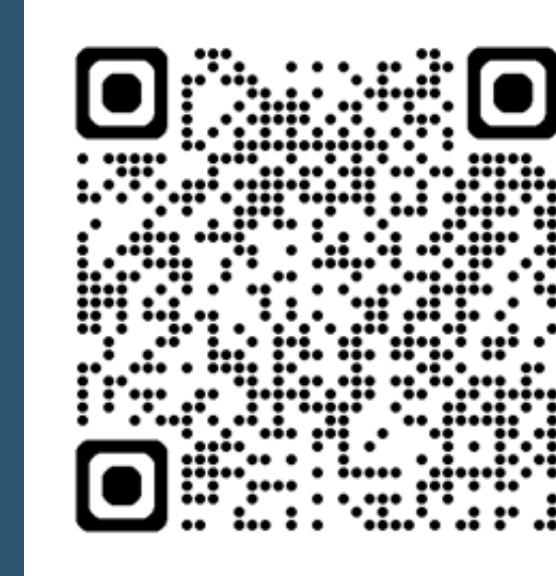




SETAC EUROPE 26TH LCA
SYMPOSIUM

Hybrid Real-Time Life Cycle Assessment for Performance Monitoring in Mineral Extraction and Processing Facilities

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Introduction

The DINAMINE project seeks to integrate digital technologies to enhance the environmental performance and sustainability of mining operations, particularly for small and medium-sized mines, using a real-time LCA framework. LCA is gaining traction in the mining sector as a tool for monitoring environmental impacts. However, current LCA approaches often lack the timeliness necessary for operational decision-making. The DINAMINE project addresses this by implementing real-time monitoring. Real-time LCA, supported by hybrid input-output frameworks, can improve environmental performance monitoring and management in the mining sector, leading to more sustainable operations.

Objectives

- Develop and apply a **hybrid input-output LCA framework** that leverages both process-based and EEIO databases for dynamic, real-time assessment.
- Integrate **EXIOBASE data** for socio-environmental impact tracking, with a focus on **hotspot identification** and rapid response capabilities.
- Incorporate **LCA Analytics** into the **Integrated Smart Mine Planning and Managing (ISMPM)** system

Method

Hybrid I-O LCA Framework:

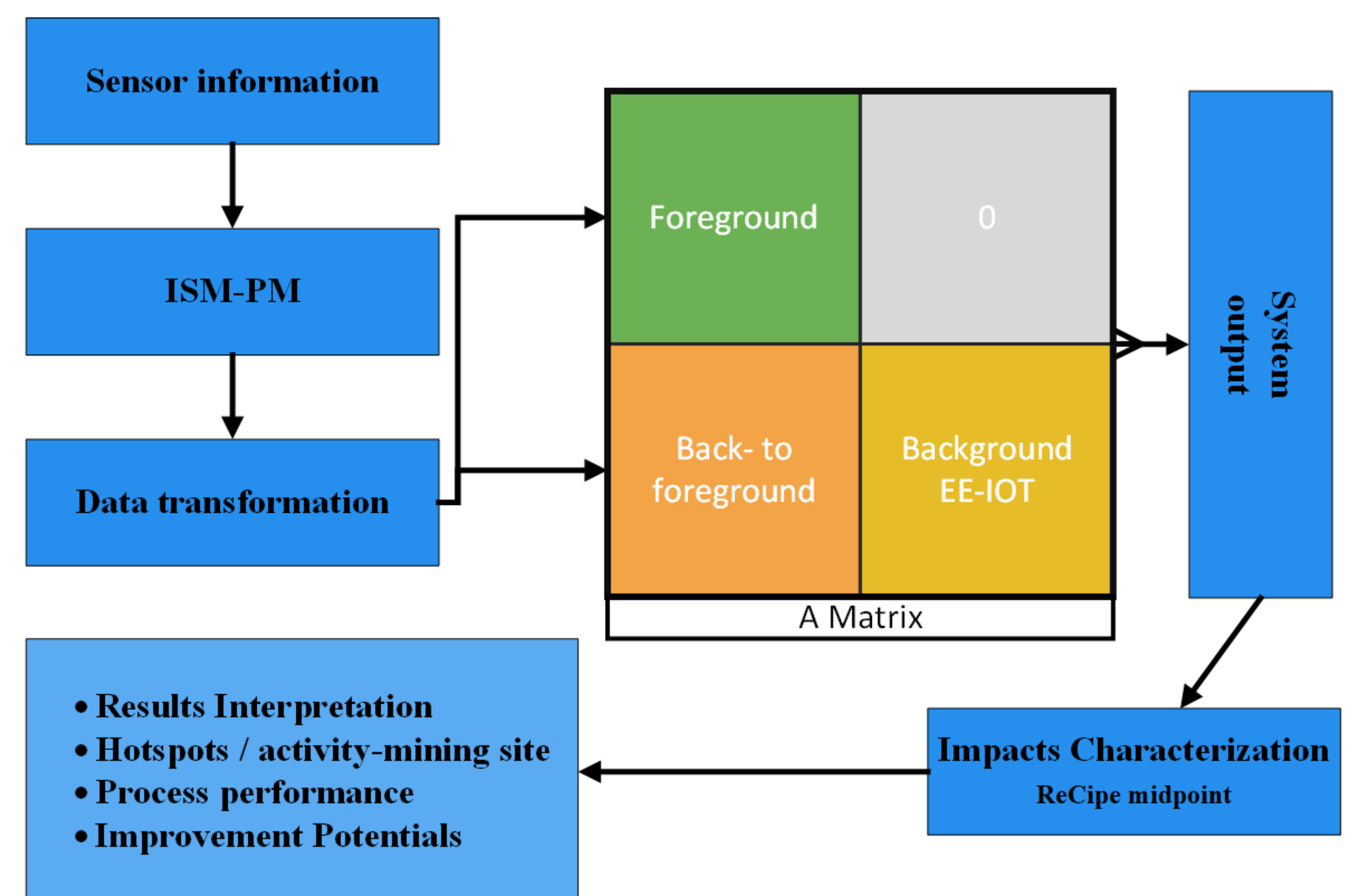
- Combines **process-based LCA** for asset evaluation and **EEIO LCA** for tracking ongoing operational emissions.
- Incorporates **EXIOBASE data** to provide sectoral and geographic specificity.
- Uses the **MARIO Python package** to manage background data aggregation (e.g., sector or geographic granularity).

Data Integration:

- The **Integrated Smart Mine Planning and Managing (ISMPM)** system gathers real-time data on key mining parameters.
- Collaboration with mine operators to determine **sensor selection** and key measurement points.

Real-Time Monitoring: The ISMP platform integrates environmental and operational data, using a **traffic light system** for easy-to-understand visualization.

Gamification: Gamified performance metrics encourage plant operators to engage with the LCA data by tracking their progress on various LCIA indicators.



Results

Faster Decision Making: The hybrid framework allows for rapid identification of **environmental impact hotspots** in real time, outperforming traditional LCA methods.

Targeted Interventions: Real-time data enables operators to implement immediate corrective actions in response to adverse environmental metrics.

Social Impact Integration: Indicators from EXIOBASE integrate social aspects into the LCA, providing a holistic view of mining operations' sustainability.

Discussion

Advantages:

- The combination of **real-time data** and LCA allows for **proactive decision-making** in dynamic mining environments.
- The use of **MARIO and EXIOBASE** enables detailed and accurate environmental assessments, accounting for both short and long-term impacts.

Challenges:

- Difficulty in aligning process-based LCA data with EEIO databases, especially in terms of data resolution.
- **Asset management complexities:** accounting for irregular usage patterns and early retirement can skew results.
- **Mismatched temporal resolution** of LCIA between background and foreground activities.

Conclusion

- The hybrid I-O LCA framework demonstrates that real-time LCA can provide **timely, actionable insights** for enhancing the sustainability of mining operations.
- The integration of **gamification, sensor data, and dynamic assessments** represents a significant advancement for small and medium-sized mines.
- While challenges remain in terms of **data-base integration** and data resolution, the potential for continuous improvement and responsive environmental management makes this approach highly promising.



The DINAMINE project is supported by the Horizon Europe research and innovation programme (Grant Agreement No. 101091541). Funded by the European Union. Views and opinions expressed are however those of the author(s) only and do not necessarily reflect those of the European Union or the European Health and Digital Executive Agency (HaDEA). Neither the European Union nor the granting authority can be held responsible for them.